

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (canceled)

Claim 2 (new): A method of replacing a defective memory cell comprising:

comparing an input address with a defective address stored in a plurality of storage circuits, the defective address assigned to a defective memory cell in a plurality of memory blocks;

replacing defective memory cells in the plurality of memory blocks with one of a plurality of redundancy units, based on mapping information indicative of a relationship with the redundancy units stored in the storage circuits when the input address matches the defective address.

Claim 3 (new): The method according to claim 2, wherein the number of storage circuits is smaller than the number of redundancy units.

Claim 4 (new): The method according to claim 2, wherein each of the redundancy units is located adjacent to a corresponding one of the plurality of memory blocks.

Claim 5 (new): A method of replacing a defective memory cell comprising:

comparing an input address with a defective address stored in a plurality of storage circuits, the defective address assigned to a defective memory cell in first memory blocks, second memory blocks being activated independently of the first memory blocks;

replacing defective memory cells in the first memory blocks with one of a plurality of first redundancy units, and defective memory cells in the second memory blocks with one of a plurality of second redundancy units, based on mapping information indicative of a relationship with the first and second redundancy units stored in the storage circuits when the input address matches the defective address.

Claim 6 (new): The method according to claim 5, wherein the number of storage circuits is smaller than the number of first and second redundancy units.

Claim 7 (new): The method according to claim 5, wherein each of the first redundancy units is located adjacent to a corresponding one of the first memory blocks and each of the second redundancy units is located adjacent to a corresponding one of the second memory blocks.

Claim 8 (new): A method of replacing a defective memory cell comprising:

comparing an input address with a defective address stored in a plurality of storage circuits, the defective address assigned to a defective memory cell in a plurality of memory blocks each to be activated independently;

replacing defective memory cells in the plurality of memory blocks with one of a plurality of redundancy units, based on mapping information indicative of a relationship with the redundancy units stored in the storage circuits when the input address matches the defective address.

Claim 9 (new): The method according to claim 8, wherein the number of storage circuits is smaller than the number of redundancy units.

Claim 10 (new): The method according to claim 8, wherein each of the redundancy units is located adjacent to a corresponding one of the plurality of memory blocks.